# Role of Aquifers and Aquitards in Stream Depletion and Recharge: Cosumnes River Case Study

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Stream Depletion Through the SGMA Lens: Practical Solutions for a Complex Problem Sacramento, August 29, 2017

- Aquifers are commonly, mostly *not* comprised of aquifer materials.
- Heterogeneity results in spatial complexity, but connectivity simplifies matters at the GSA scale.
- Models can capture large scale interaction through appropriate calibration and data.
- But be mindful of local variability.

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## Beloved Layer-Cake

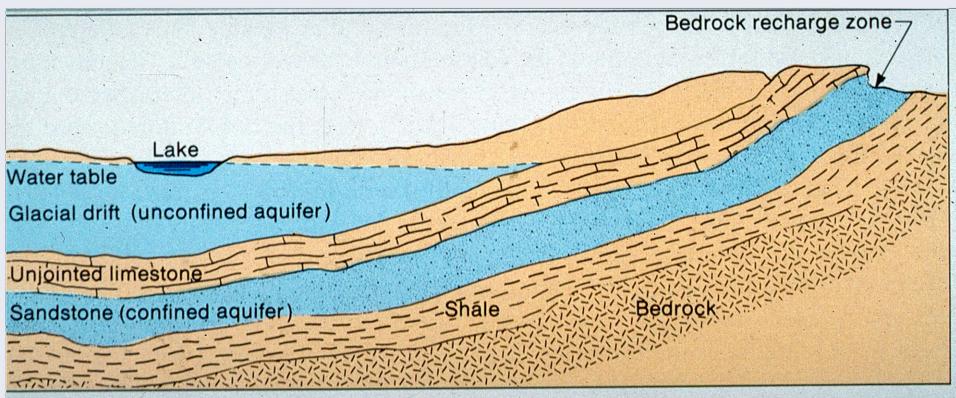
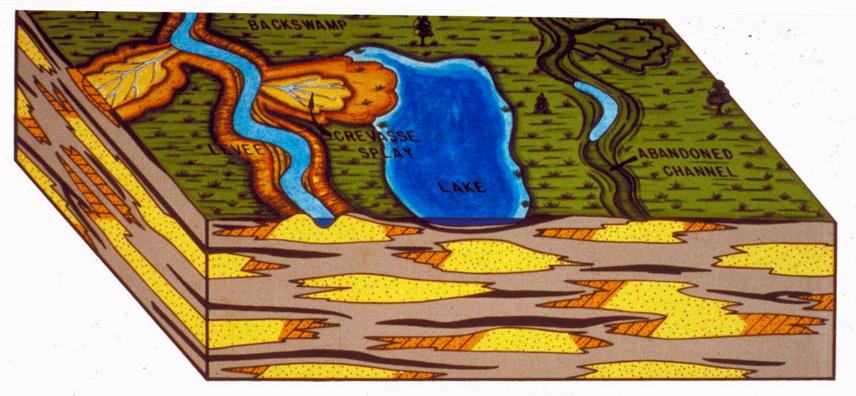


Figure 5.2. Groundwater exists in the underground in two major environments: unconfined and confined.







CHANNEL SANDS



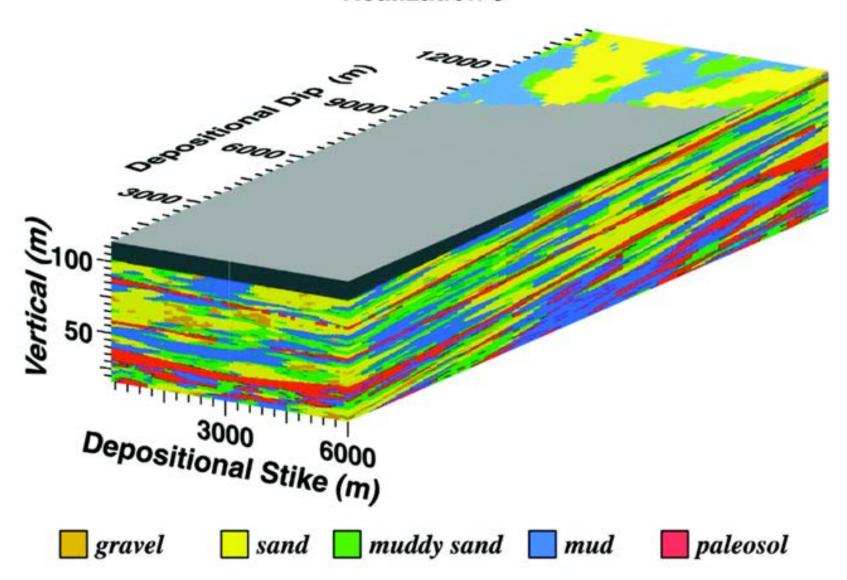


INTERCHANNEL SILT/CLAY

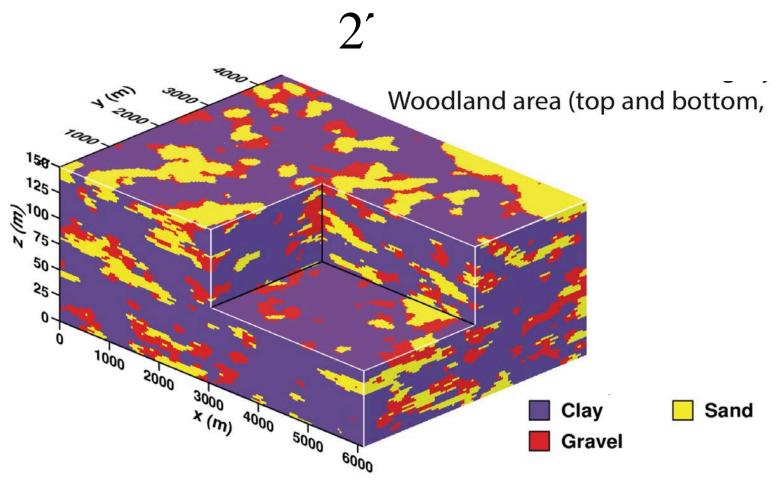
MIXED-LOAD CHANNEL SYSTEM

#### Kings River Alluvial Fan

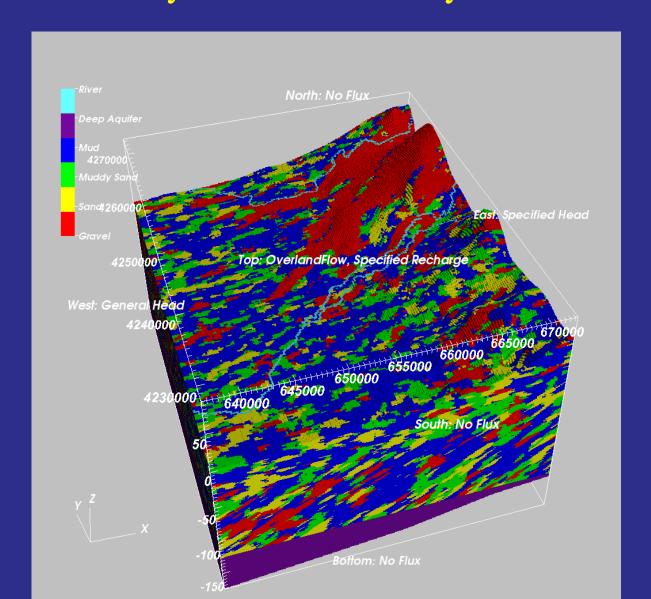
**Realization 5** 



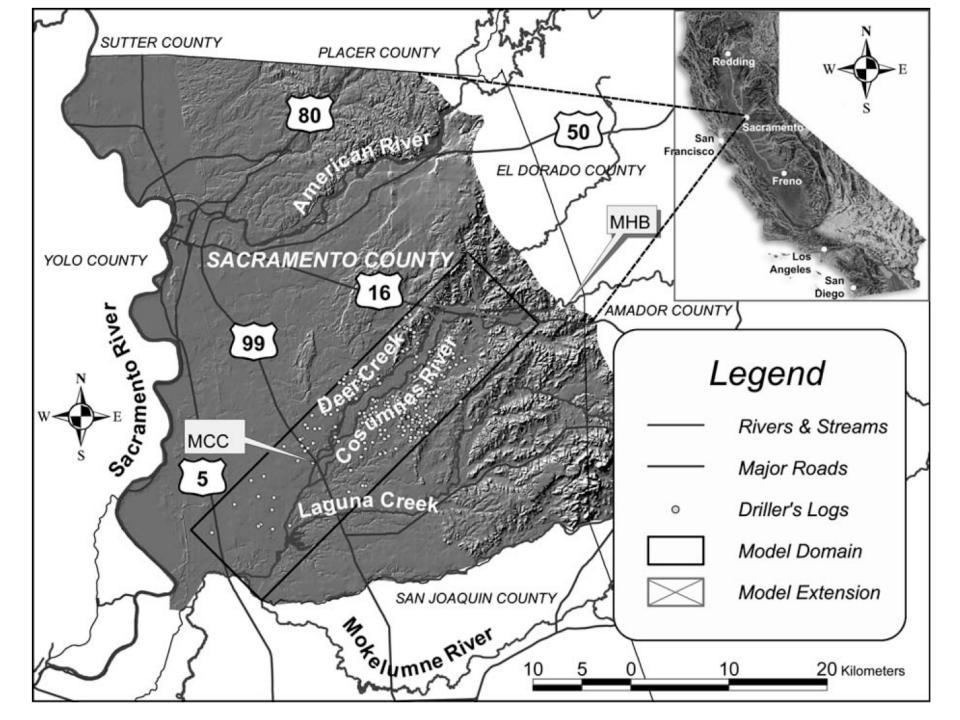
## Woodland Area Aquifer System Network (Stephen Maples, HYD



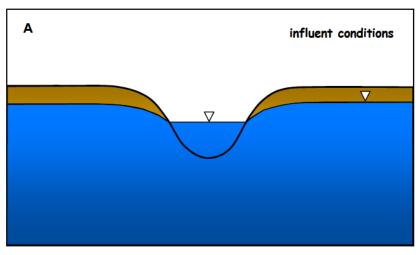
#### Sacramento County Subsurface, UC Water Security and Sustainability Research Initiative

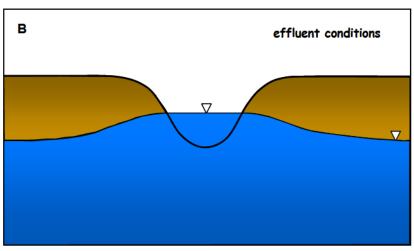


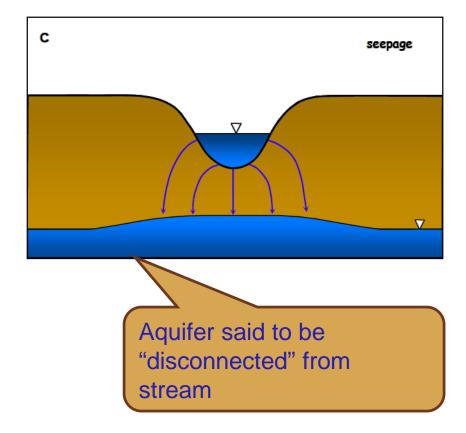
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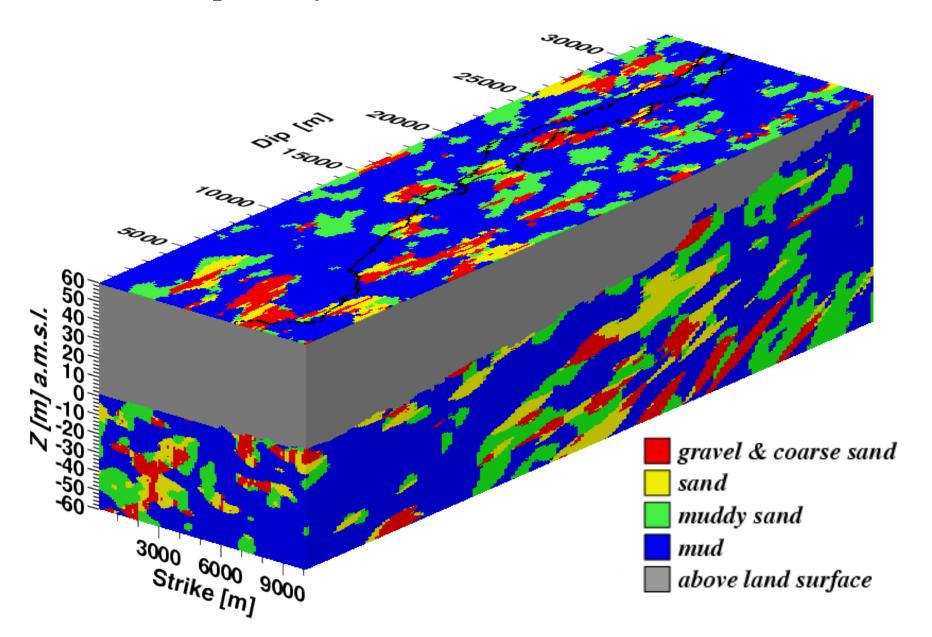
### River-Aquifer Interaction Basics





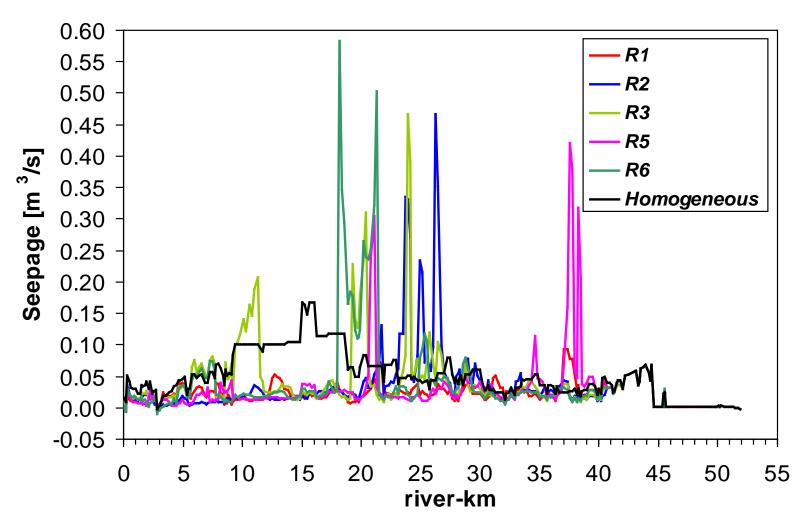


#### **Aquifer System Beneath Cosumnes River**



#### River model - simulated seepage

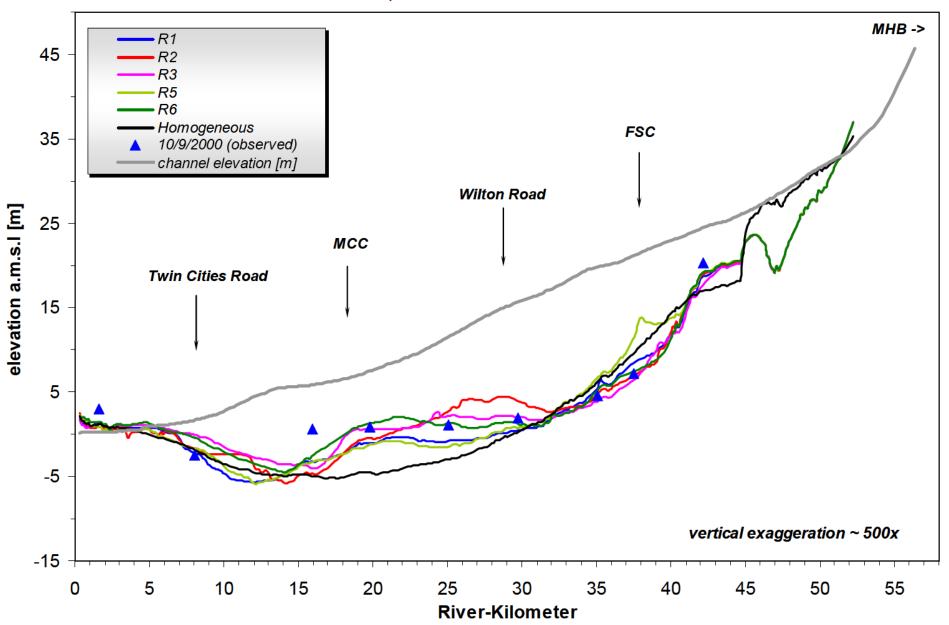
R = realization



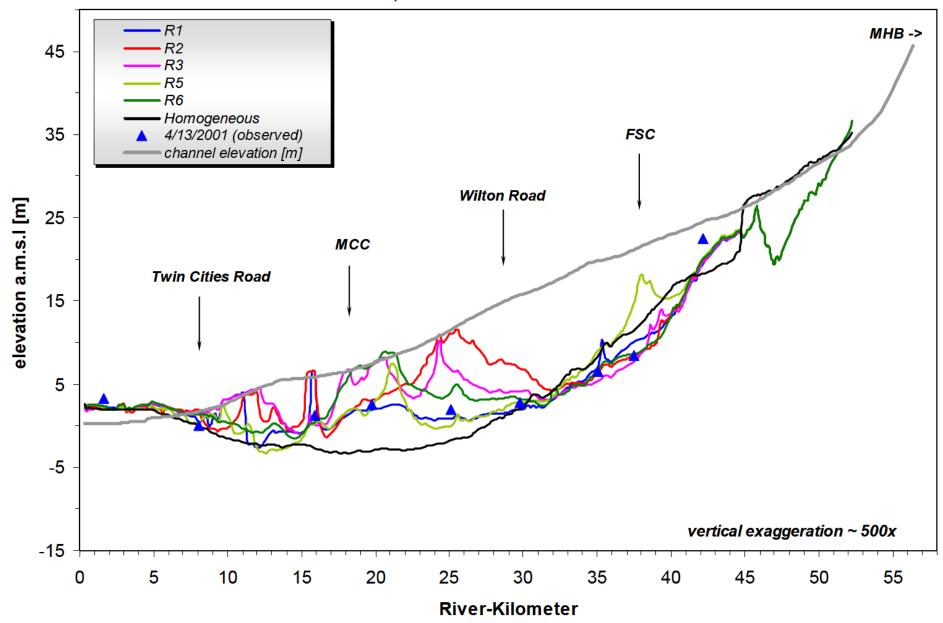
Fleckenstein, J.H., Niswonger R.G., & Fogg, G.E., Ground Water,44(6), 2006

Jan H. Fleckenstein 13/35

#### Simulated Groundwater levels, September 28<sup>th</sup>, 2000



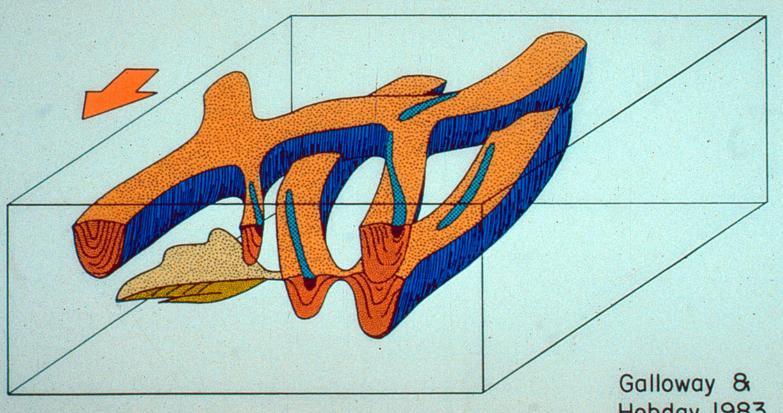
Simulated Groundwater levels, April 14<sup>th</sup>, 2001



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## Connectivity of High-K (Aquifer) Facies Generally Good

### FACIES ARCHITECTURE



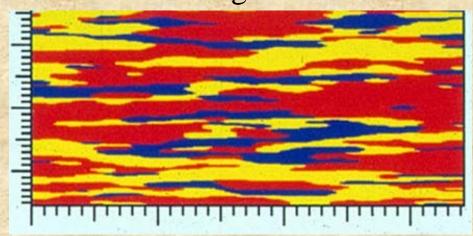
Suspended-load channel

Hobday 1983

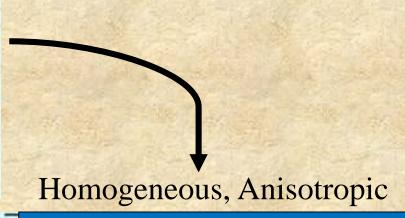
Bureau QA-2480

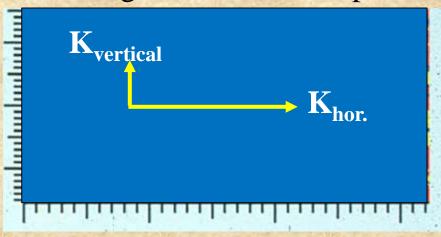
## Representing Heterogeneity With Homogeneous, Anisotropic Equivalent

Heterogeneous



- K<sub>hor.</sub> from well tests and conventional model calibration.
- K<sub>vert.</sub> from vertical h gradient data and calibration (Fogg, 1986)





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## Key Data for Modeling Groundwater-Stream Systems

- Streamflow
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- Streamflow diversions and returns
- Water levels near and far from the stream(s)
- Vertical head gradients (3D head mapping)
- Stream channel morphology