

CALIFORNIA STATEWIDE AGRICULTURAL LAND USE MAPPING FOR INFORMED DECISION MAKING AND TEMPORAL CHANGE ASSESSMENT

Groundwater Resources Association

Tools For Developing a GSP

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Joel Kimmelshue, PhD, CPSS Mica Heilmann, CPSS, CPESC Zhongwu Wang, PhD Seth Mulder, MS, CPAg, CCA Christ Stall, MS Diya Chowdhury, MS Casey Gudel, MS Justin Sitton, BS

C LAND IQ



PRESENTATION SUMMARY

- Publically Available Information
 - DWR Statewide Crop Mapping
- Example Data Resources for GSP Development
 - Retrospective Crop Mapping
 - Irrigation Method Determination
 - Crop Age Determination
 - Consumptive Use Estimates
 - Groundwater Recharge Potential



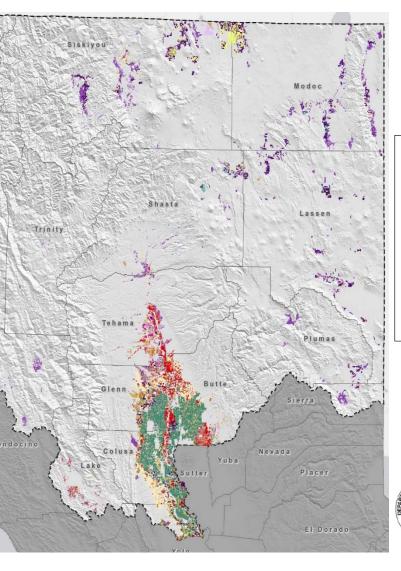
STATEWIDE LAND USE

- Proven method developed through R&D and various approaches over the past 10 years
- Publically available statewide land use map products
 - Agriculture
 - Managed wetlands (e.g. state and federal wildlife refuges)
 - Urban areas
 - Major highways
- Historic mapping in San Joaquin Valley, Sacramento Valley, Imperial Valley, AZ, NM, TX, NV resulted in statewide CA mapping
- Results are accurate crop maps, statistics, used for overall land use change analysis
- Similar legend as past, intermittent DWR land use mapping
- 2014 publically and freely available in June/July timeframe
- 2016 currently being mapped and available in late 2017/early 2018

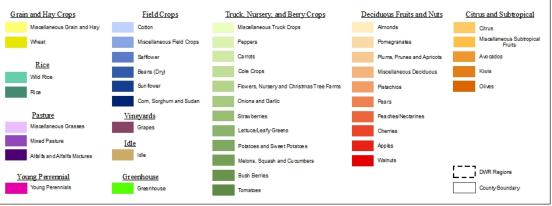


LAND USE CLASSIFICATIONS

- Over 9 million acres of irrigated land use classified
- 356,180 individually classified polygons
- Minimum field size of 2.0 acres
- Approximately 45 crop legend categories (including managed wetland systems)
- 95% accuracy based on groundtruthed independent validation dataset
- 1,064,294 acres of urban land use



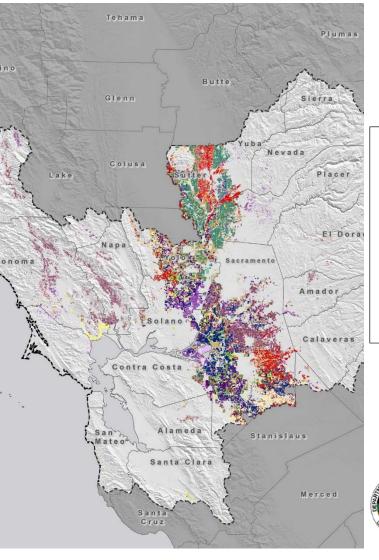
CA - DWR Northern Region



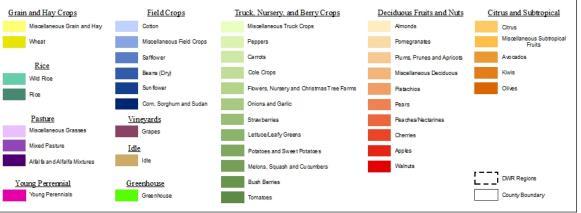
- Major crops include:
 - Rice, Walnuts, Almonds, Alfalfa, Mixed Pasture, Prunes, Grapes, Olives

LAND IQ

• 2014 Total Irrigated & Fallow Land = 1,492,979

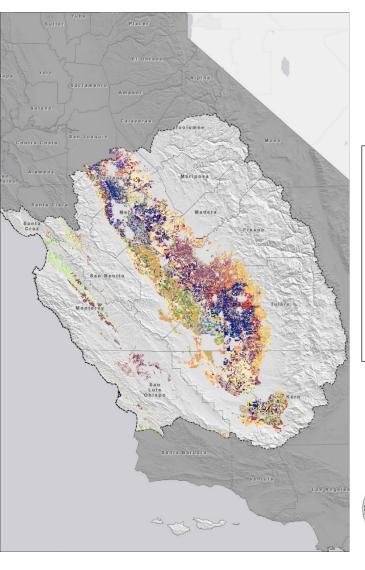


CA - DWR North Central Region

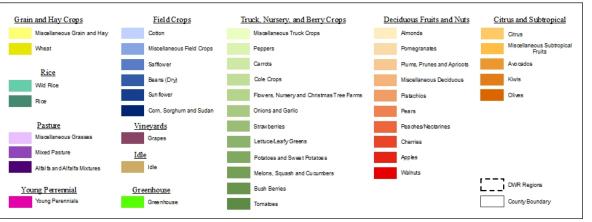


- Major crops include:
 - Grapes, Almonds, Walnuts, Corn, Alfalfa, Tomatoes, Mixed Pasture, Fallow
 - 2014 Total Irrigated & Fallow Land = 1,664,941 acres

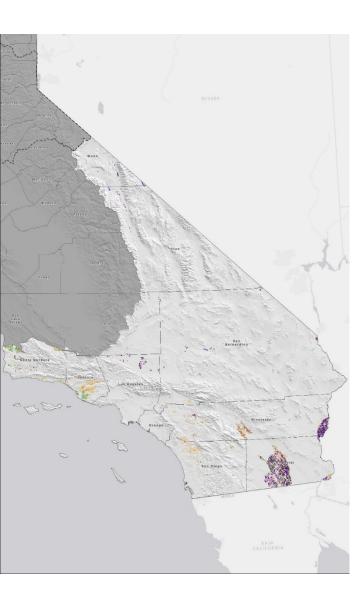
LAND IQ



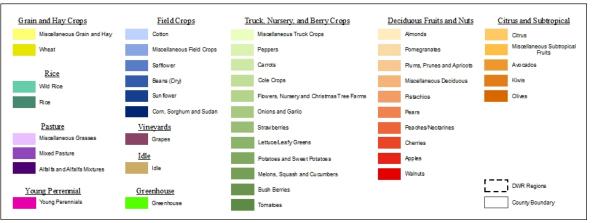
CA – DWR South Central Region



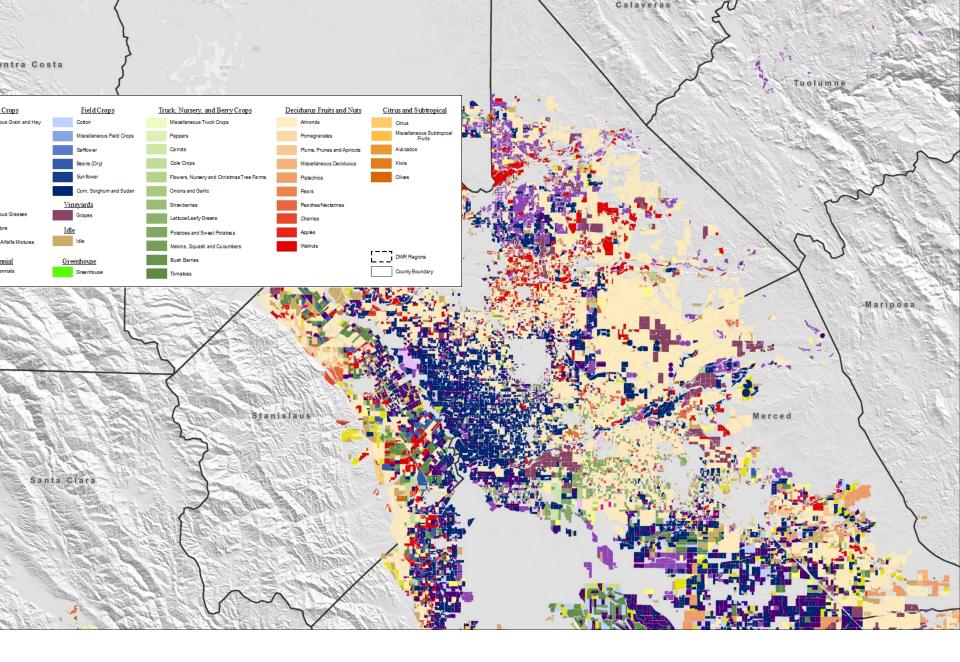
- Major crops include:
 - Grapes, Almonds, Pistachios, Citrus, Walnuts, Corn, Sorghum, Cotton, Alfalfa, Tomatoes, Wheat, Fallow
- 2014 Total Irrigated & Fallow Land = 4,829,004 acres
 LAND IQ

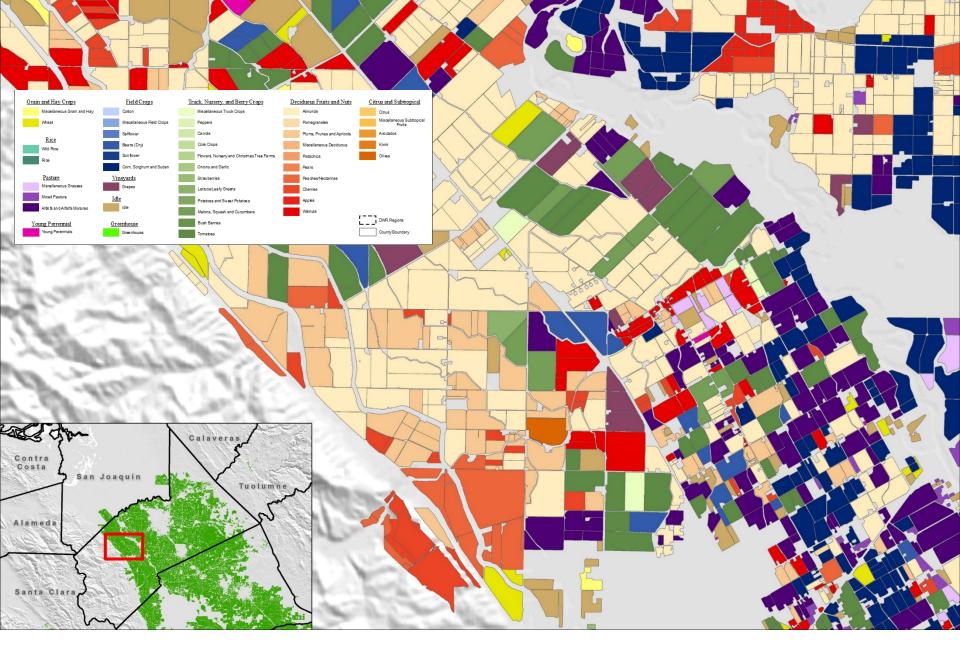


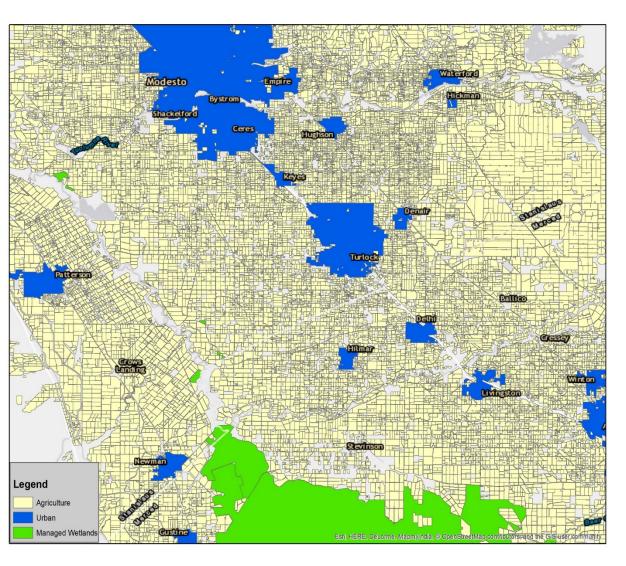
CA – DWR Southern Region



- Major crops include:
 - Alfalfa, Citrus, Avocados, Cole Crops, Lettuce/Leafy Greens, Carrots, Truck Crops, Strawberries
 - 2014 Total Irrigated & Fallow Land = 949,504 acres
 LAND IQ







Managed Wetlands and Urban

- All managed wetlands (e.g. state and federal wildlife refuges) were classified as to areas receiving water
- Urban classified by land use only



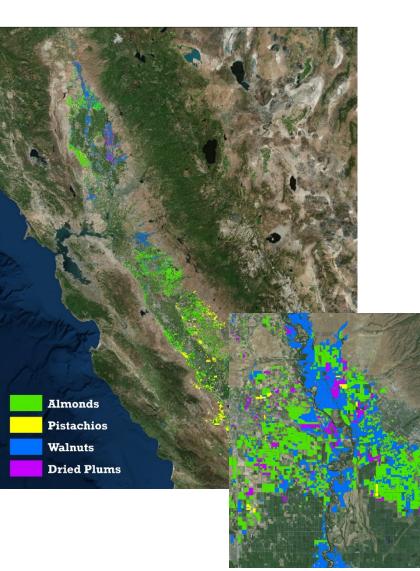
2016 LAND USE PREVIEW

- Considerable increase in fallow ground as compared to 2014
- Significant (e.g. 10-15%) change in irrigated area (field) boundaries
- Continued expansion of permanent crops (e.g. almonds, walnuts, pistachios, etc)
- Continued urban expansion as compared to 2014



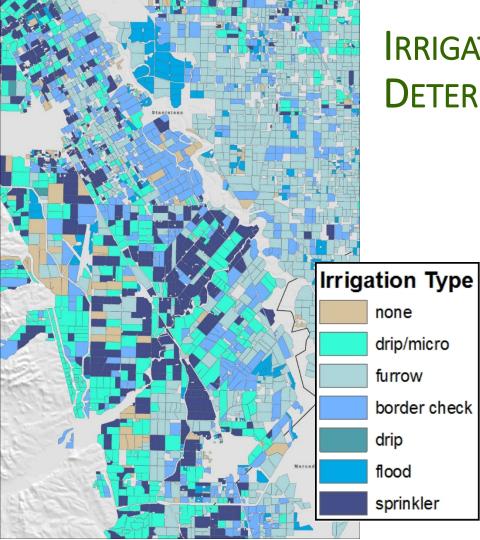
GSA-SPECIFIC CROP-MAPPING DERIVED DATA

- Example Data Resources for GSP Development
 - Retrospective Crop Mapping
 - Irrigation Method Determination
 - Crop Age Determination
 - Consumptive Use Estimates
 - Groundwater Recharge Potential



RETROSPECTIVE CROP MAPPING

- Use of existing crop mapping algorithms for change analysis moving backwards
- Use of historic ground truthing information back through 2011 and beyond
- Coupling land use sciences with spatial sciences
- Maintaining consistency with 2014 and 2016 datasets

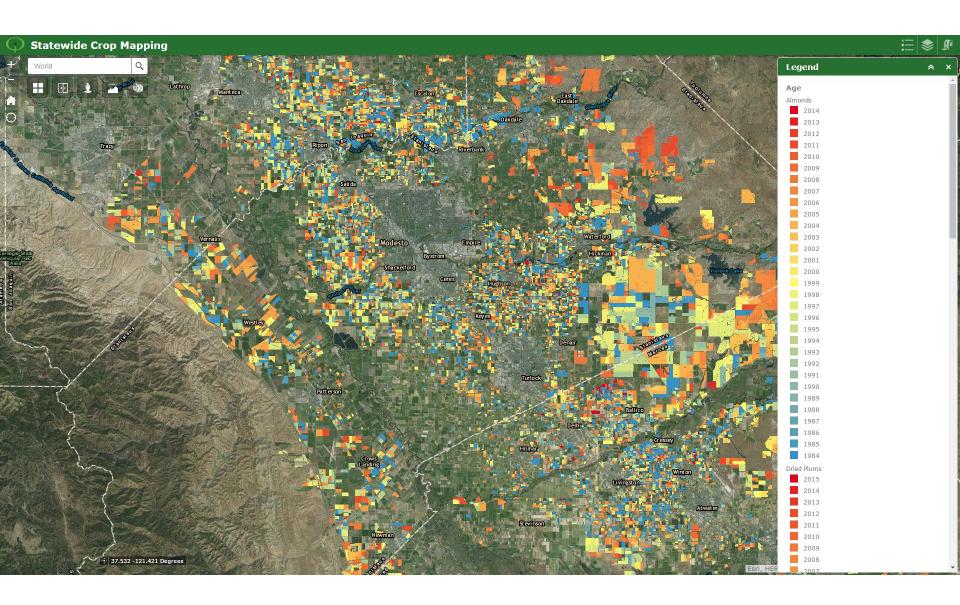


IRRIGATION METHOD DETERMINATION

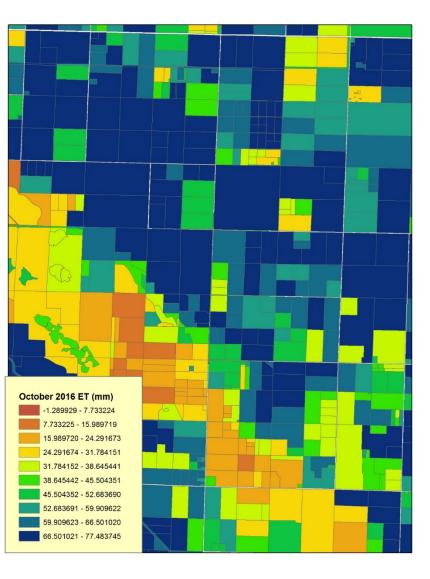
- Incorporation of various lines of evidence to create irrigation method distribution
 - Crop type
 - Statewide ground truth results
 - Irrigation district records
 - DWR records
 - Source water supply
 - Agronomic knowledge
 - Known regional differences
 - Temporal differences (e.g. crop age)
 - Topography

CROP AGE DETERMINATION

- Permanent crops make up over 35% of all irrigated crops in California
- Analyze historic imagery (back to 1984) to determine the planting year
- 90% accurate (+/- 1-2 years)
- Continuing to increase over time
- Represents a "hard water demand" that is expected to increase
- Results in more accurate estimation of evapotranspiration

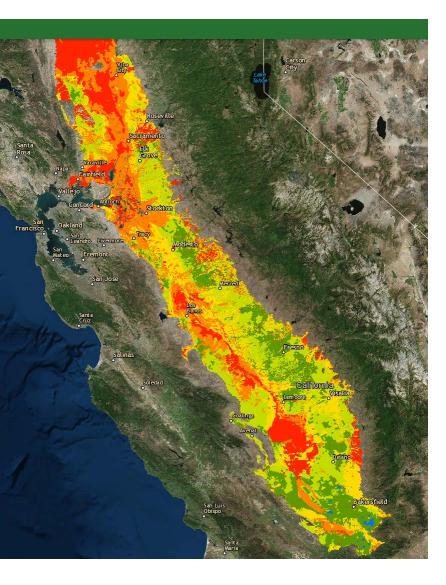






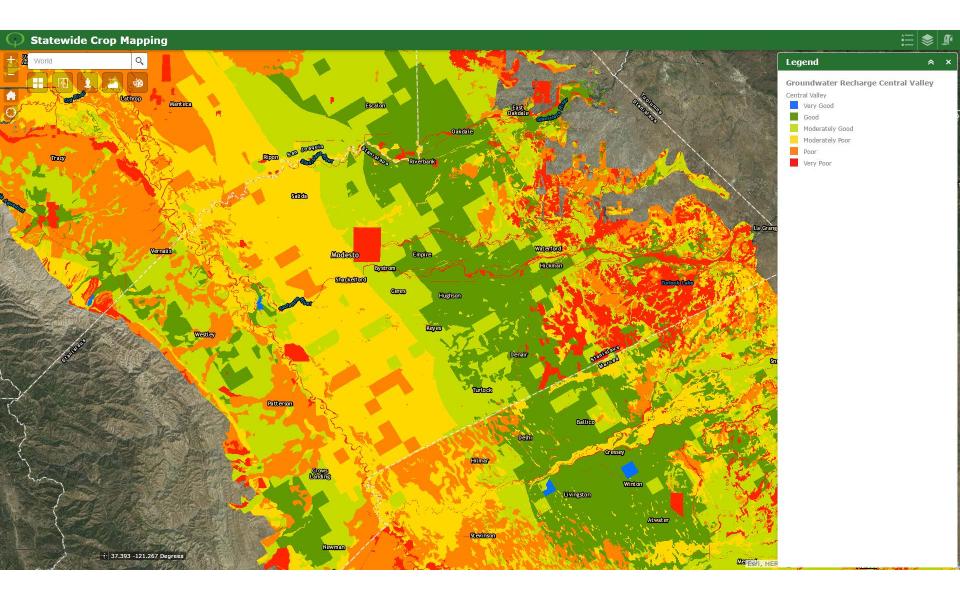
CONSUMPTIVE USE DETERMINATION

- Optimized remotely sensed methodology
- Coupling of crop type with remotely sensed methods to determine evapotranspiration
- Results in higher accuracy than remotely sensed methods alone
- Allows for field by field determination of evapotranspiration
- Incorporation of permanent crop age allows for more accurate estimation of crop consumptive use



GROUNDWATER RECHARGE POTENTIAL

- Data Inputs:
 - Soil Agricultural Groundwater Banking Index (SAGBI)
 - USGS Groundwater Levels
 - Central Valley Hydrologic Model (CVHM)
 - Irrigation District Coverage
 - Hydrology & Points of Diversion
- Results in a Central Valley wide recharge index map combining surface and subsurface conditions





CONCLUSIONS

- Statewide land use will be publically available from DWR for:
 - 2014 in June/July 2017
 - 2016 late 2017/early 2018
- GSA-Specific Derivative Products
 - Retrospective Crop Mapping
 - Irrigation Method
 - Consumptive Use Estimates
 - Crop Age Determination
 - Groundwater Recharge Potential
- Purpose is to provide consistent data resources across all GSAs



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- Technical Partners

CDA

NIVERSITY OF CALIFORN

- University of California, Davis
- California Polytechnic State University, San Luis Obispo
- California State University, Monterey Bay

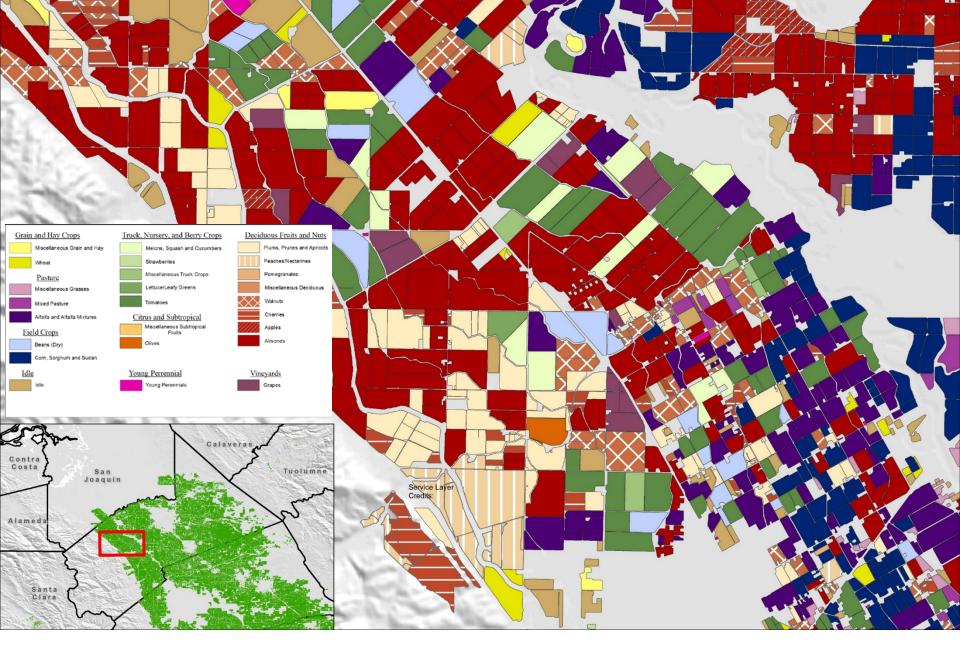


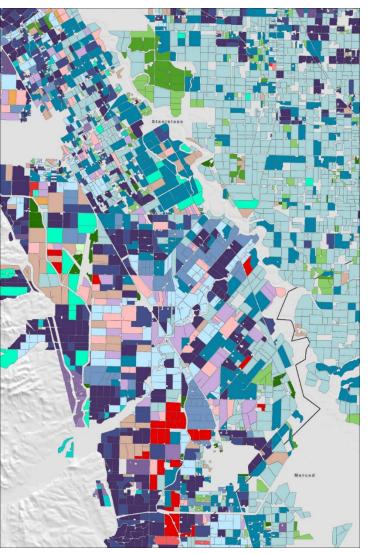






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IRRIGATION METHOD & CROP TYPE



